# Subawards and Subrecipient Monitoring

March 25, 2015



## This session will focus on

- The life-cycle of a subaward
- Understanding roles and responsibilities
- Institutional approaches to subrecipient monitoring
- Providing an understanding of the new requirements under OMB Uniform Guidance 2 CFR Part 200.330-332 as well as resources



### Presenters/Panelists

- Adrienne Bonilla, Esq., Assistant Vice President for Research – University at Albany
- Sharon Levine-Sealy, Pre-Award Director Downstate Medical University
- Betsy Colón, Grants Management Associate SUNY Geneseo



## Presenters/Panelists (cont.)

Justine Gordon, Director - Office of Grants & Contracts
 Administration

 Donna Kiley, Associate Director - Office of Grants & Contracts Administration

Lisa LeBlanc, Associate Director - Internal Audit



## **Subrecipient Policy**

#### **Reason for Policy**

The Research Foundation is responsible for monitoring the programmatic and financial activities of its **subrecipients** in order to ensure proper stewardship of sponsored funds. This policy addresses those responsibilities to ensure that both The Research Foundation as **prime awardee** and subrecipients are in compliance with applicable laws, regulations and with the provisions of the **prime award**.

#### **Statement of Policy**

The Research Foundation must comply with any prime award's specific requirements for issuance of **subawards**. All of the terms and conditions applicable to the subaward must be flowed down to the subrecipient. This Subrecipient Policy applies to all subawards issued under sponsored programs made by The Research Foundation, without regard to the primary source of funding.

Foundation for

## Subrecipient Policy (cont.)

#### **Additional Federal Requirements**

2 CFR Part 200 places certain additional requirements for monitoring and managing subrecipient activities on federally-funded awards. In order to ensure that the Research Foundation is in compliance with federal regulations, the requirements at 2 CFR 200.330-332 shall apply to subrecipient arrangements funded with federal funds. A toolkit has been developed to assist in determination, risk assessment and periodic monitoring of subrecipients.



# The Life Cycle of a Subaward

Proposal
Stage
(development
and submission)

Award Issuance Stage Award Period Stage

Close-out Stage



# 5 Step Toolkit Subrecipient Monitoring and Management

The Research Foundation must comply with any prime award's specific requirements for issuance of subawards.

- All of the terms and conditions applicable to the subaward must be flowed down to the subrecipient.
- The 5 step toolkit was developed to assist in determination, risk assessment and periodic monitoring of subrecipients.
- These steps are required for federal awards and are considered best practice for all others.



# The Life Cycle of a Subaward

Proposal Stage (development and submission)

Award Issuance Stage Award Period Stage Closeout Stage



# Subrecipient and Contractor Determination 200,330

- Toolkit Step 1 Subrecipient/Contractor Determination
  - RF Subrecipient vs. Contractor Decision Tree
- Federal agencies may supply and require specific support for determinations
  - Could create a significant documentation burden
  - Could result in unintended agency influence on determinations



# Subrecipient and Contractor Determination 200.330 (cont.)

- Pass-through entities must make determinations
- "Contractor" has replaced "vendor"
- Characteristics of a subrecipient and of a contractor (formerly vendor) have not changed

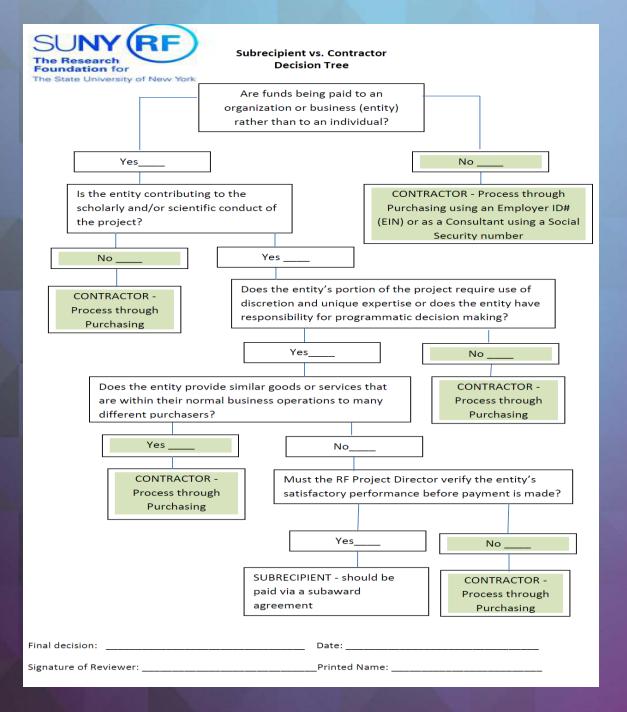
#### Subrecipient:

- Has performance measured against the objectives of the Federal program
- Has responsibility for making programmatic decisions
- Has responsibility for adherence to Federal program compliance requirements
- Uses Federal funds to carry out a program of the organization, not to provide goods or services for a program of the pass-through entity
- Determines who is eligible to receive Federal financial assistance

#### Contractor:

- Provides the goods or services within normal business operations
- Provides similar goods or services to many different purchasers
- Operates in a competitive environment
- Provides goods or services that are ancillary to the operation of the Federal program
- Is not subject to compliance requirements of the Federal program







### Proposal Stage (development and submission)

#### PI/Department/OSP: Subrecipient Proposal

- Statement of Work describes the work the subrecipient investigators will perform in the project
- Proposed Budget & Justification
- Other items required by sponsor- biosketches, facilities, assurances, small business subcontracting plan, etc.
- Subrecipient Institutional Approval
- Risk Assessment Questionnaire

Reminder: Sponsor Guidelines that apply to Prime, also apply to Subrecipient



## Toolkit - Step 2 RF Subrecipient Risk Assessment Questionnaire



#### **Subrecipient Risk Assessment Questionnaire**

This questionnaire will be used to assess the subrecipient's risk and provide the necessary information for issuance of a subaward agreement.

Section A -Core Info	rmation	
Subrecipient Legal Name:		
Address:		
City:	State:	Zip:
E-mail:	Phone: _	Fax:
Address where research will	be performed:	
City:	State:	Zip
Performance Period Begin D	ate:	End Date:
RFSUNY PI Name:		
Prime Sponsor:		
Requested Sub Amount: Yea	r One:	All Years:
Subrecipient's Federal Empl	oyer Identification	Number (EIN) Subrecipient's DUNS number
Subrecipient's Congressiona	l District	Place of Performance Congressional District if different
Subrecipient's Organizational Type		CAGE Code
Registered in SAM? □ Yes	□ No	
Is Subrecipient owned or co	ntrolled by a parer	nt entity? □ Yes □ No
If "Yes", please provide the	following:	
Parent Entity Legal Name: _		
Parent Entity Address:		
City, State, Zip:		
Parent Entity Congressional	District:	
Parent Entity DUNS:		
Parent Entity EIN:		



# Toolkit - Step 3 RF Subrecipient Risk Analysis

- Review Risk Assessment Results to:
  - Determine financial adequacy of the subrecipient
  - Confirm satisfactory evidence of F&A rate(s)
  - Verify subrecipient is not debarred or suspended
  - Verify all necessary approvals have been received
    - Agency prior approvals (contracts)
    - Agency review of agreement, as required
  - Ensure all compliance approvals have been obtained
  - Make high, medium or low-risk determination





#### Subrecipient Risk Analysis - High/Low Risk Entities

#### General Instructions

- Complete the risk analysis using the completed <u>Subrecipient Risk Assessment Questionnaire</u> provided by the subrecipient.
- The risk analysis must be applied each time a new subaward is issued or a modification is made to an
  existing award.
- This procedure applies to any subaward activity initiated after December 26, 2014. Existing subawards will
  need to be assessed and/or monitored as new modifications are requested or required.
- · The weighted score will determine actions required.
- · Financial thresholds are cumulative. Therefore, modifications may trigger the need to reassess risk.
- Campus is responsible for gathering information on whether or not the subrecipient requires additional
  monitoring.
- Any circumstance not covered in this version of the risk assessment can be marked in the \*notes section of this form. The circumstance may increase the assessed risk of the subaward.

Contract Officer:
Risk Level Assigned:

Assign an assessment rating (0, 1 or 2) for each Criteria listed below.

Criteria	Lower Risk	Higher Risk	Weight	Assessment Rating 0 = low 1 = med 2 = high	Weighted Score (Weight X Assessment Rating)
Foreign or Domestic	Domestic	Foreign	4		0
Maturity of Subrecipient's Organization	Mature	Start-up	4		0
Organization Type	University or non-profit	Industry	4	2	0
Award type	Grant	Contract or Subcontract	4		0
Amount of Subaward	Total cost is <\$499,999	Total cost is >\$500K	3		0
Percentage of RF Award Subawarded	Total cost is <48.9%	Total cost is >49%	2	*	0
Cost Sharing obligation	NO Cost Sharing	Cost Sharing	2		0
Established Accounting Systems	Yes	No	2		0
Procurement Systems	approved	Not approved / ad hoc	2	*	0
Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement	Yes	No	2		0
Single Audit Report on File	OMB Regulations (2 CFR Part 200.331(f) or A-133)	No Audit Report	2		0
Prior experience working with RF?	Previous positive experience	New Subrecipient, or previous negative experience	2		0
ITAR/EAR Type of work	No	Yes	2		0

Criteria	Lower Risk	Higher Risk	Weight	Assessment Rating 0 = low 1 = med 2 = high	Weighted Score (Weight X Assessment Rating)
IACUC/IRB Compliance	No	Yes	2		0
Location of Work	At subrecipient's facility	On SUNY campus	2		0
Sponsor Type	Private or Foundation	Government Owned & Contractor Operated	3		0
Relationship of subrecipient to PI and potential for conflict of interest	No existing or former relationship to PI	Pl's relationship	1		0
SOW & Deliverables	Report only	Tangible products; pivotal to success of project	4		0
Special Considerations: up to an additional 8_points; e.g. high \$					
			Total	Risk Score	0.0

Low 0-11	No action necessary.
Medium 12-50	As appropriate:     require detailed invoicing for subrecipient     seek guidance from PI, and/or Office of Grants & Contracts on complex contract or compliance issues
High 51-83	As appropriate:     require detailed invoicing for subrecipient     seek guidance from PI, Office of Grants & Contracts, Legal and/or the Compliance Office on complex contract or compliance issues     more frequent/detailed financial and/or programmatic reporting, etc. including how and by whom the monitoring will be done.
Very High >=84	Monitoring and management discussions with PI, Office of Grants & Contracts, Legal and/or the Compliance Office are required prior to issuance of a subaward.
Notes:	

Reviewer Initials	Date
-------------------	------



# The Life Cycle of a Subaward

Proposal
Stage
(development
and
submission)

Award Issuance Stage Award Period Stage Closeout Stage



### **Award Issuance Stage**

A legal agreement between a prime recipient and a third party (subrecipient) to provide a specified portion of the work required in the prime contract or grant.

#### **Sets forth:**

- work to be performed or expected deliverables
- compensation
- period of performance
- terms and conditions, including flow-downs from Prime Award

AKA: Subcontract, Subgrant, Subagreement, Subrecipient Agreement, or Consortium Agreement
. . . a Sub!



### Award Issuance Stage (cont.).

- Determine necessary risk mitigation following risk analysis
- Prepare subaward in accordance with requirements of the prime award and risk assessment
  - FDP Template or Model Agreement
  - Special award terms and conditions
  - Intercampus letter agreement
- If sponsor approval required, copy submitted for review
- During approval or subrecipient acceptance process, changes may need to be negotiated or clarifications included in subaward

### Award Issuance Stage (cont.).

- More prescriptive Post-Award requirements(2 CFR§200.331)
  - Add a lengthy list of elements to the subaward terms
  - Establish a monitoring plan for the subrecipient and enforcement action against noncompliant subrecipients
    - Financial review
    - Programmatic review
  - Must use subrecipient's negotiated F&A rate or provide a 10% MTDC "de minimis" rate (or another negotiated rate with the subrecipient)
  - Fixed amount subawards require written prior approval from the federal agency.
    - (2 CFR Part 200.332)
- Federal and Pass-Through Entity Requirements
- Defined Audit Requirements & Access
- Closeout Terms & Conditions



## The Life Cycle of a Subaward

Proposal
Stage
(development
and
submission)

Award Issuance Stage

Award Period Stage Closeout Stage



# Award Period Stage Toolkit - Step 4 Monitoring

- Subaward Monitoring
  - Review financial and programmatic reports §200.331(d)(1)
  - Follow up and ensuring that timely action on all deficiencies are taken §200.331(d)(2)
  - Issue a management decision for audit findings §200.331(d)(2)
- Modifications
  - SOW changes
  - Re-budgeting



# Award Period Stage (cont.) Monitoring

#### Principal Investigator Responsibility

- Identify content for subawarding programmatic activity (SOW, Budgets)
- Ensure subrecipients comply with the technical and reporting provisions of the subaward
- Approve and sign all subrecipient invoices
- Document unsatisfactory performance by the subrecipient
- Determine when a subaward is to be amended. Common reasons for amending are:
  - Additional funding
  - Extending the period of performance
  - Modifying the reporting schedule





The State University of New York

Su	ıbrecipient	Name:				
RI	RF Project/Task/Award:					
	<u> </u>	Subrecipient Perf	<u>formance Monitori</u>	ng Checklist		
	ring the act		t is necessary to ensure that	at the subaward is used for		
Subre	cipient In	nformation				
Subrecip	nent Contac	t :: Monthly Quarterly				
Name an	nd position	of the person responsible	for overseeing this record			
			e terms of the subaward)			
D	ate Due	Actual Date Received	Comments			
Inform	Informal Progress Reports Completed					
D	ate	Method		Comments		
Other (	Communic	ations				
D	ate	Method		Comments		



# Award Period Stage (cont.) Monitoring

#### Research Administrators Responsibility

- Ensure compliance for subrecipient monitoring
- Review subaward invoices and collect PI signature prior to processing for payment
- Assist PI in monitoring responsibilities and maintaining supporting documentation of costs and deliverables
- Review and sign off on invoices from subrecipients for adherence to budget guidelines
- Seek clarification or support from subrecipient for any unusual, miscellaneous, seemingly excessive or other charges invoiced by the subrecipient
- Assist with modifications and timely closeout of subawards





#### **Subrecipient Invoice Checklist**

	Comments:
□ Invoice #	
Review Invoices	
Amount is correct in accordance with budget	
Sufficient detail is provided to permit identification of costs.	
Request submission of backup documentation to support invoiced expenditures during the award period and/or at closeout. It may include: copies of paid invoices; detail of travel charges, payroll registers; time and effort reports.	
Expenditures are in compliance with applicable laws, regulations and specific requirements of the program	
Other special terms and conditions that may apply	
Invoice is certified by subrecipient	
Review Progress/Technical Reports and/or Deliverables	
Have the RF PI sign certification re: completion of reports or receipt of deliverables	
Invoice ApprovedYesNo	Initial
If problems are encountered with the subrecipient, refer to Enforcement Measures for next steps as necessary.	



# Requirements for Pass-through Entities 200.331 (cont.)

All pass-through entities must...

**Toolkit - Step 5 (Enforcement)** 

 Consider taking enforcement action against noncompliant subrecipients §200.331(h)





Subrecipient Name:		
RF Project/Task/Award:		

#### <u>Subrecipient Enforcement Measures – Post-Award</u>

\*If problems are encountered with the subrecipient, one or more of the following steps may be taken

	Comments:	Initial
Contact subrecipient officials to discuss areas of		
concern		
Make site visits to review supporting		
documentation to support invoiced expenditures		
Review backup documentation to support invoice		
expenditures		
Copies of paid invoices		
Detail of travel charges		
Payroll registers		
Time and effort reports		
Negotiation agreements for fringe benefits and		
F and A rates		
Observe operations and project performance for		
deliverable requirements		
Arrange for outside audit		
Review subrecipient single audit or program		
specific audit results, if available		
Audit findings		
Corrective action plans		
Other actions taken		



The State University of New York

# The Life Cycle of a Subaward

Proposal
Stage
(development
and
submission)

Award Issuance Stage Award Period Stage

Close-out Stage



### Close-out Stage

- Meet with PI to ascertain successful project completion by subrecipient
- Verify receipt of all technical and financial reports
- Verify receipt and accuracy of invoice marked "FINAL"



## **Internal Audit Testing**

No substantial changes resulting from Uniform Guidance

- Verify initial risk assessment performed
- Verify sub-recipient agreement contains appropriate language
- Verify evidence of sub-recipient performance monitoring checklist
- Verify allowability and accuracy of sub-recipient invoices and attached certification by the sub-recipient

### **Best Practices**

What do you do on your campus?



### Resources

- Public webpage on the Research Foundation's website:
  - Subrecipient Monitoring and Management
    - Includes PDF and Word documents from the
       5 step toolkit



# Questions

